#### (MBP20-0064)

A compound produced as a result of a chemical reaction of an alcohol with an acid in which water

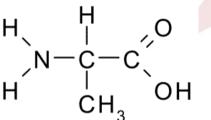
molecule is released is called?

- A) Monosaccharide
- B) Fatty acid
- C) Nucleic acid
- D) Wax

#### (MBC01-0005E)

- Which of the following is not a characteristic of water?
  - A) Water has a high specific heat.
  - B) Water has high heat of vaporization
  - C) Water exhibits strong cohesion tension
  - D) Water is less dense than ice.

(MBC01-0006H)



this amino acid is

- A) Serine
- B) Alanine
- C) Glycine
- D) Arginine

### (MBC01-0008E)

- Glycosidic link is broken in digestion of
  - A) Starch
  - B) Protein
  - C) Lipid
  - D) All of these

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#### (MBC01-0009E)

- Carbohydrate, protein and lipids, etc. are included along with biomolecules, because:
  - A) These are organic compounds.
  - B) They can be synthesized in laboratory
  - C) These are carbon compounds which are found in living tissues.
  - D) These are calorigenic substances

## (MBC01-0010H)

CH2 – OH

- CH OH is the structure of which of the following

Ι

CH2 – OH

- A) Glyceraldehde
- B) Glycerol
- C) Glyceric acid
- D) Triglycerides

### (MBC01-0012M)

- Which of the following is not a carbohydrate?
- A) Glucose
- B) Lactose
- C) Insulin
- D) Starch

# (MBC01-0013M)

- Which of the following is not a polysaccharide?
- A) Cellulose
- B) Glycogen
- C) Chitin
- D) Glycerol

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#### (MBC01-0014M)

- A polysaccharide found in plants whose function is storage is
- A) Starch
- B) Glycogen
- C) chitin
- D) Glucagon

## (MBC01-0015H)

- Where are hydrogen bonds important for life?
- A) In ionic substance
- B) Between water molecules
- C) Between hydrogen atoms
- D) All of the above

## (MBC01-PMC-0051)

- Cellulose of wood, an example of:
  - A) Carbohydrates
  - B) Proteins cotton and paper is
  - C) Nucleic acids
  - D) Lipids

# PARHO AUR

#### (MBC01-PMC-0053)

- The general formula of monosaccharides is:
  - A) (CH2O)n
  - B)  $C_n(H_2O)y$
  - C)  $C_n(H_2O)_n$
  - D) C<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>







## (MBC01-PMC-0054)

- Most of the monosaccharides form a when in solution.
  - A) Straight chain
  - B) Ring structure
  - C) Branched chain
  - D) Folded structure

### (MBC01-PMC-0055)

- Carbon number \_\_\_\_\_ of glucose and \_\_\_\_\_ of fructose respectively make a glycosidic bond to give rise to a sucrose.
  - A) 4,4
  - B) 1,4
  - C) 1, 2
  - D) 2, 1



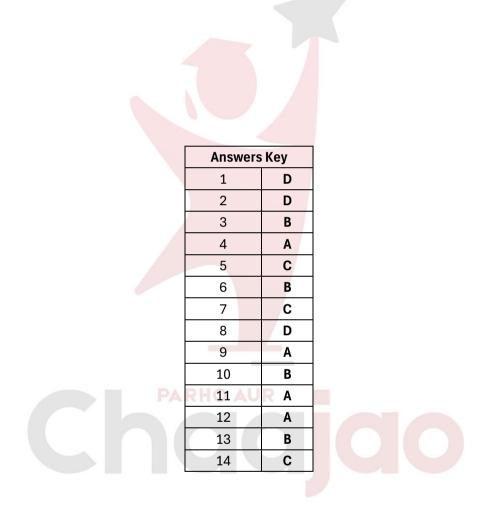
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